

# **METALLI PREZIOSI**

Revision nr.2 Dated 13/02/2019 Printed on 17/11/2020 Page n. 1 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 18/02/2016)

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2015/830

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1	1	Prod	luct	ider	tifier

Code: 600504803010000 Product name **METALLI PREZIOSI** 

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Decorative paint

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Giuseppe Di Maria S.p.A.

Full address 4 Enrico Mattei District and Country

90124 Palermo

Italy

+39 091 391288 +39 091 476374 Fax

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet sicurezza@dimaria.it

Product distribution by: Giuseppe Di Maria S.p.A.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Phone numbers of Poison Control Centers active 24 hours over 24 in Italy: For urgent inquiries refer to

ROMA: Centro Antiveleni - Policlinico A.Gemelli

- Universita' Cattolica Del Sacro Cuore - Tel. 06 3054343

For any further information: Giuseppe Di Maria SpA Tel. +39 091 391288

(PA)

Monday to Friday 9:00-12:00 13:00-16:30

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

However, since the product contains hazardous substances in concentrations such as to be declared in section no. 3, it requires a safety data sheet with appropriate information, compliant to (EU) Regulation 2015/830.

Hazard classification and indication:

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:

Signal words:

Hazard statements:

**EUH210** Safety data sheet available on request.

**EUH208** Contains: mix of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7],

2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] 3:1)

1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:



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#### SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Decorative effect coatings.

VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition: 200.00 Limit value: 200,00

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

### **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification 1272/2008 (CLP)

**TALC** 

14807-96-6 6 < x < 7Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT SE 3 H335 CAS

EC 238-877-9

INDEX

NAPHTHA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

64742-48-9  $2 \le x < 2,5$ Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P CAS

FC 265-150-3 649-327-00-6

INDEX butoxyethanol

CAS 111-76-2  $0.9 \le x < 1$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319,

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

FC 203-905-0 INDEX 603-014-00-0

**AMMONIA** 

CAS 1336-21-6  $0.05 \le x < 0.1$ Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1,

Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: B

EC 215-647-6 **INDEX** 007-001-01-2 1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

CAS

2634-33-5  $0 \le x < 0.05$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317,

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1

EC 220-120-9 INDEX 613-088-00-6

**ETHANEDIOL** 

107-21-1 CAS  $0 \le x < 0.05$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 2 H373

EC 203-473-3 INDEX 603-027-00-1

mix of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7], 2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] 3:1) 55965-84-9  $0 \le x < 0.0015$ CAS

Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Skin Corr. 1B H314,

Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1,

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC

**INDEX** 613-167-00-5

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.



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#### SECTION 4. First aid measures .../>>

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

#### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available



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## **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ESP España INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2017

FRA France JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits ITA Italia Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC;

Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2019

				Т	TALC				
Threshold Limit	Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	STEL/15min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
VLA	ESP	2							
WEL	GBR	1							
TLV-ACGIH		2							

2-BUTOXYETHANOL										
Threshold Limit Value										
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	STEL/15min					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
VLA	ESP	98	20	245	50	SKIN				
VLEP	FRA	49	10	246	50	SKIN				
WEL	GBR	123	25	246	50	SKIN				
VLEP	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN				
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN				
TLV-ACGIH		97	20							

				AM	IMONIA				
Threshold Limit Value									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	STEL/15min				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
VLEP	ITA	14	20	36	50				
OEL	EU	14	20	36	50				
TLV-ACGIH		17	25	24	35				

ETHANEDIOL												
Threshold Limit Value												
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min							
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm							
VLA	ESP	52	20	104	40	SKIN						
VLEP	FRA	52	20	104	40	SKIN						
WEL	GBR	52	20	104	40							
VLEP	ITA	52	20	104	40	SKIN						
OEL	EU	52	20	104	40	SKIN						
TLV-ACGIH	TLV-ACGIH 100 (C)											

\_egend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION



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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374). The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

#### **EYE PROTECTION**

Appearance

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

#### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

## **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

platino Colour characteristic Odour Odour threshold Not available Ha Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Boiling range Not available 60 Flash point °C: **Evaporation Rate** Not available Flammability of solids and gases Not available Not available Lower inflammability limit Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure Not available Vapour density Not available Relative density 1,20

Solubility Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available
Auto-ignition temperature Not available
Decomposition temperature Not available

Viscosity 25.000 ÷ 35.000 cps (Brookfield RVT a 20°C e 20 rpm)

liquid

Explosive properties Not available Oxidising properties Not available

#### 9.2. Other information

Total solids (105°C / 221°F) 50,00 %

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.



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### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

**AMMONIA** 

Corrodes: aluminium,iron,zinc,copper,copper alloys.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air.

#### **AMMONIA**

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong acids,iodine.May react dangerously with: strong bases.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

#### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### **AMMONIA**

Incompatible with: silver, silver salts, lead, lead salts, zinc, zinc salts, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, oleum, halogens, acrolein, nitromethane, acrylic acid.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen.

**AMMONIA** 

May develop: nitric oxide.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:

LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: > 5 mg/l

Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component)



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## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information** .../>>

ETHANEDIOL

 LD50 (Oral)
 > 2000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 9530 mg/kg Rabbit

mix of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7], 2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] 3:1)

 LD50 (Oral)
 64 mg/kg rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 87,12 mg/kg rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 0,33 mg/l/4h rat

1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

LD50 (Oral) 1020 mg/kg Rat

**AMMONIA** 

LD50 (Oral) 350 mg/kg Rat

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

 LD50 (Oral)
 615 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 405 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat

NAPHTHA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

LD50 (Oral) > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Dermal) > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

mix of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7], 2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] 3:1) 1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

#### **GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### **ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: 25.000 ÷ 35.000 cps (Brookfield RVT a 20°C e 20 rpm)

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

No specific data are available for this product. Handle it according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Do not contaminate soil and waterways. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation. Please take all the proper measures to reduce harmful effects on aquifers.



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## SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

### 12.1. Toxicity

mix of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7], 2-methyl-2H-isothyazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] 3:1)

LC50 - for Fish

0,19 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss
EC50 - for Crustacea

0,16 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
Chronic NOEC for Fish

0,05 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

0,1 mg/l Daphnia magna

1,2-Benzoisothiazol-3(2H)-one

LC50 - for Fish 0,8 mg/l/96h EC50 - for Crustacea 4,4 mg/l/48h

**AMMONIA** 

LC50 - for Fish 47 mg/l/96h Channa punctata EC50 - for Crustacea 20 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

NAPHTHA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

LC50 - for Fish 8,2 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas EC50 - for Crustacea 4,5 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 3,1 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**ETHANEDIOL** 

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

**AMMONIA** 

Degradability: information not available

TALC

Solubility in water < 0,1 mg/l

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

NAPHTHA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

Rapidly degradable

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**ETHANEDIOL** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -1,36

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,81

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

NAPHTHA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY Partition coefficient: soil/water

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

1,78

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available



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## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### **SECTION 14. Transport information**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

#### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

### **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC:

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 None

None

## Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

## Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

#### Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

#### Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

### Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None



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## SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Healthcare controls
Information not available

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC):

Decorative effect coatings.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

**STOT SE 3** Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
H311 Toxic in contact with skin.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

**H304** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**H400** Very toxic to aquatic life.

**H410** Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**EUH210** Safety data sheet available on request.

### LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train



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#### SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- TLV: Threshold Limit Value- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### **GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY**

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12

The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

#### Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01/02/03/04/05/08/09/10/11/12/14/15/16.